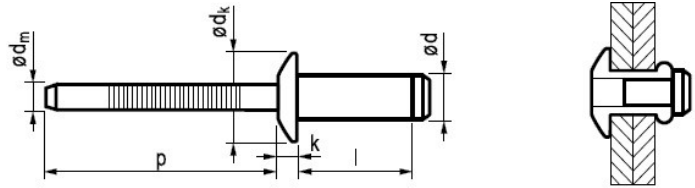


Rivet body: Steel, RoHS surface treatment
Mandrel: Steel, RoHS surface treatment



$\varnothing d$ * Drill hole mm	l: length (mm) +1/-0.2	Grip range mm	Part no.	$\varnothing d_k$ mm	k mm	$\varnothing d_m$ mm	p mm	Tensile Newton	Shear Newton	Description
4,8 [+0,11/-0,05] *Ø 4,9 (5,1 max)	9,0	1,5-3,5	1471-4809	9,8 [+/-0,3]	2,2 [+/-0,2]	~3,02	≥32	3600	min 3920 max 6270	4,8*9 D head Steel/Steel high strength
	11,5	3,5-6,0	1471-4811							4,8*11 Dome head St/St high strength rivet
	14,0	6,0-8,5	1471-4814							4,8*14 D head Steel/Steel high strength
	16,5	8,5-11,0	1471-4816							4,8*16 Dome head St/St high strength rivet
6,4 [+0,11/-0,05] *Ø 6,6 (6,8 max)	10,5	2,8-4,8	1471-6410	13,0 [+/-0,3]	3,0 [+/-0,2]	~4,17	≥32	6600	min 5390 max 11180	6,4*10 D head Steel/Steel high strength
	12,5	4,8-6,8	1471-6412							6,4*12 Dome head St/St high strength rivet
	14,5	6,8-8,8	1471-6414							6,4*14 D head Steel/Steel high strength
	16,5	8,8-10,8	1471-6416							6,4*16 Dome head St/St high strength rivet
	18,5	10,8-12,8	1471-6418							6,4*18 D head Steel/Steel high strength
	20,5	12,8-14,8	1471-6420							6,4*20 Dome head St/St high strength rivet

Technical specifications:

- it has stronger shear/tensile strength as the regular rivets
- vibration resistant
- at the backside of the rivet has more deformation like the regular rivet, so the clinching force will be spreaded more efficiently
- after riveting the stem/mandrel of rivet fixed in the rivet body, thus it will become vibration resistant (stem/mandrel will be fixed in the rivet body)
- deformation of the backside of the rivet is aesthetic
- alternative of Avdel HEMLOK (see 2221)